

Design Thinking: A Holistic Approach to Innovation

Exploring the Power of Design Thinking in Engineering Education Dr. Rituparna Matkar



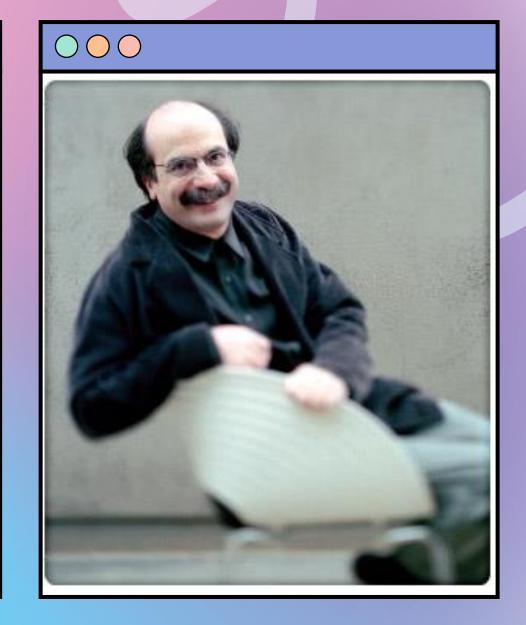


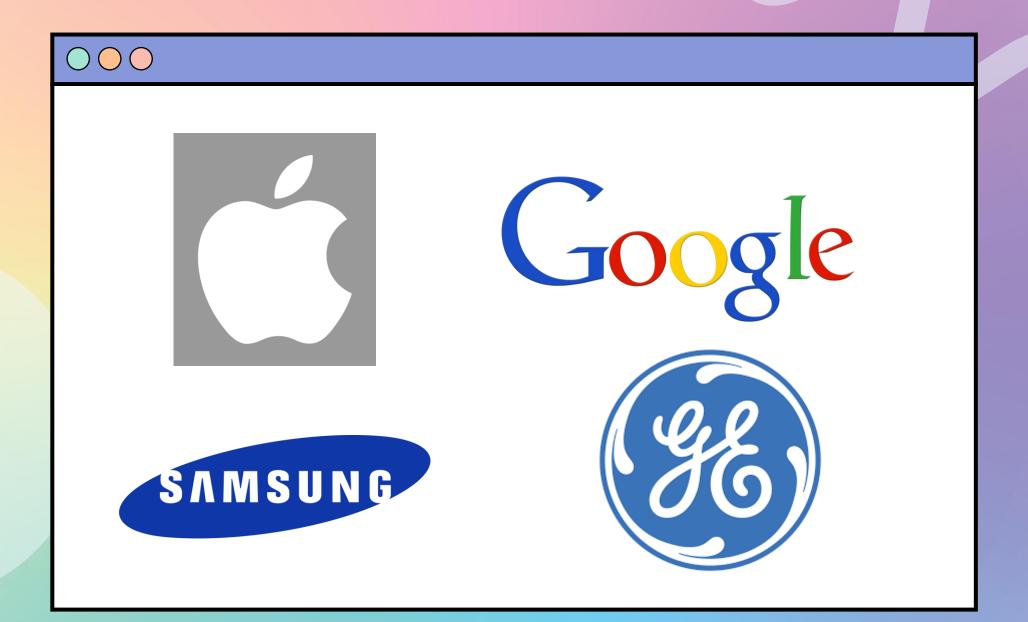


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"The main tenet of design thinking is empathy for the people you're trying to design for."

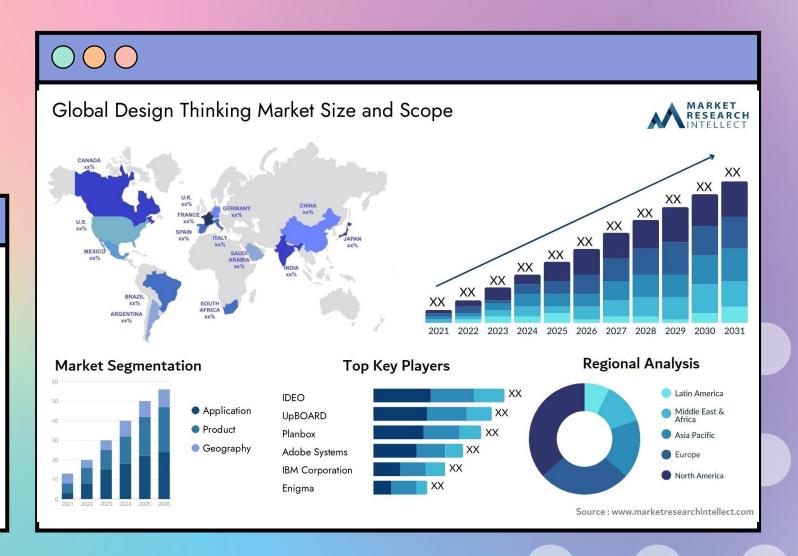
-David Kelly Founder of IDEO







Global Market size and Scope







Design Thinking Syllabus Content for Undergraduate Engineering

Army Institute of Technology



Design Thinking

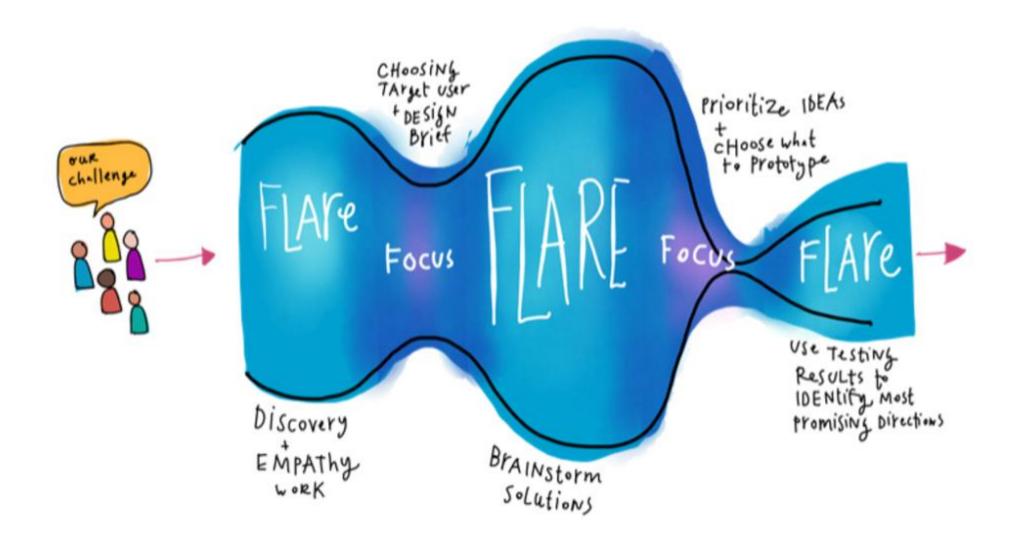




Interaction Design Foundation interaction-design.org











House Tree Sun



Automobile





Innovation



Design the IDEAL Bag

• Design a **BETTER** bag (4 mins)

Sketch your best idea here individually





Empathy

Empathy is the first step in design thinking because it is a skill that allows us to understand and share the same feelings that others feel. Through empathy, we are able to put ourselves in other people's shoes and connect with how they might be feeling about their problem, circumstance, or situation.



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Without judgment

With a beginner's eye

With Curiosity

Optimistically

Respectfully



Designers approach empathy ...



Design with Empathy – Your mission – Design something Useful and Meaningful. Start with Empathy

Interview 1

Partner A designs a better bag for Partner B (Notes/Sketches)

4 mins

Interview 2

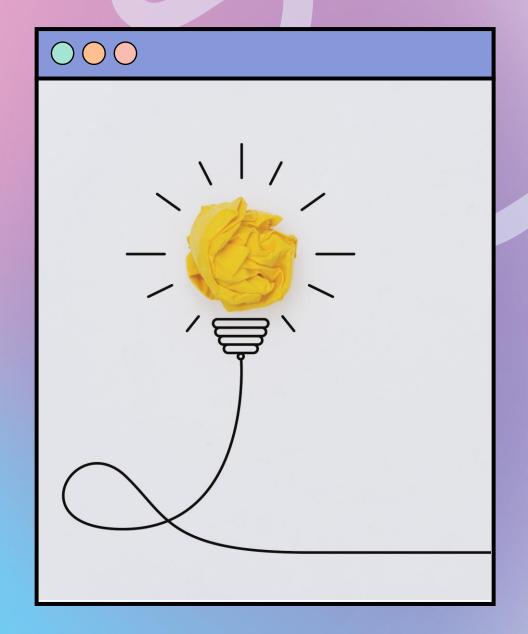
Partner B designs a better bag for Partner A (Notes/Sketches)

4 mins



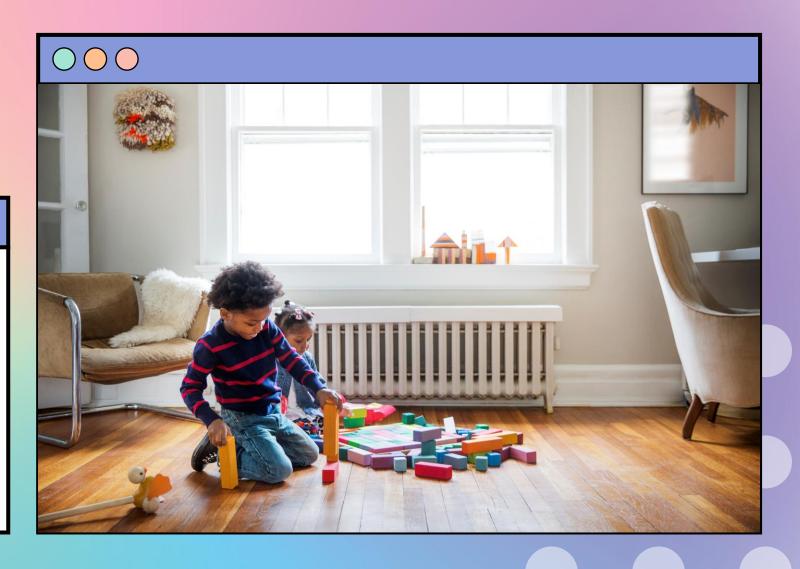
Define

the second phase of design thinking, where you define the problem statement in a humancentered manner. In the Define stage, you will organize the information you have gathered during the Empathize stage.



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What do these kids need?



Needs

The design thinking process starts by looking at the needs, dreams and behaviors of people—the end users. The team listens with empathy to understand what people want, not what the organization thinks they want or need. The team then thinks about solutions to satisfy these needs from the end user's point of view



Articulate your POINT OF VIEW

Needs (3 mins)

Partner Description _____

What are the things they are trying to do? (needs - verbs)

Ways they want to feel?

Insights (3 mins)

Person _____

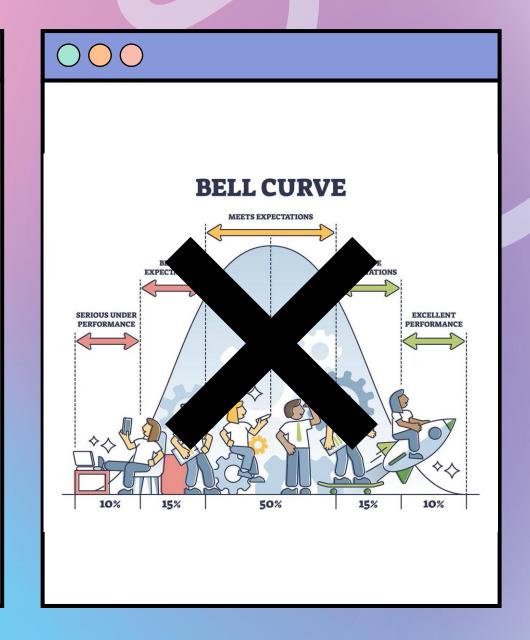
Needs a way to

In a way that makes them feel



Design for individuals

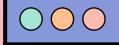
Not for the middle

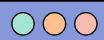


Teenagers in prison and UB talker







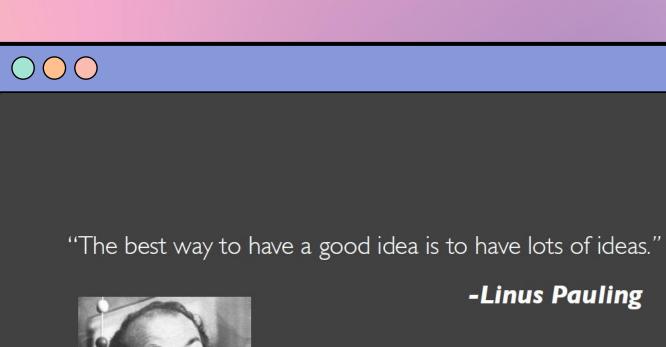


Form a Statement (2 mins)

POINT OF VIEW STATEMENT

because ______.

(Surprising Insight)



Ideate

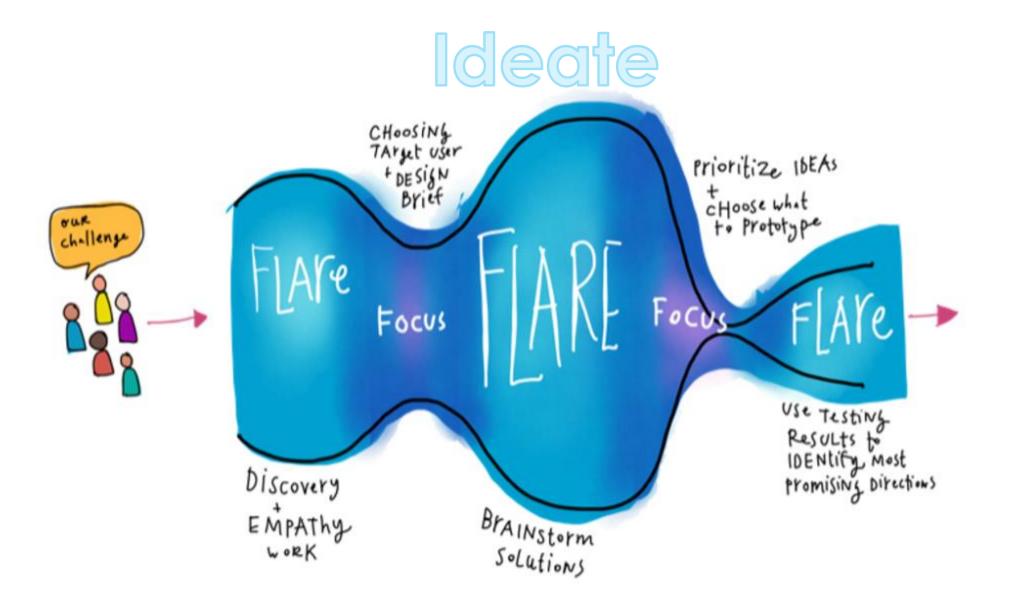


Image Courtesy Wikipedia: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:L_Pauling.jpg

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 Draw out your wildest ideas to meet your users needs. (5 mins)

Sketch 5-7 ideas

Share and Gather feedback.(3 mins)



Create a better bag for your partner using things you can find.

Prototype

 https://sodnmims.github.io/Tech and_interactivity/

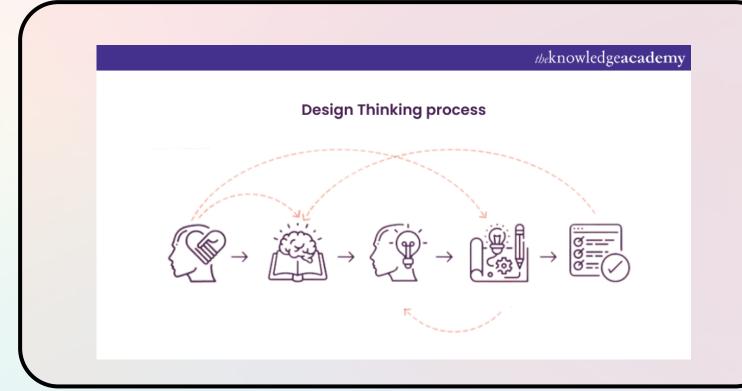
Test - fail early





Why is design thinking a non-linear process

We've outlined a direct and linear design thinking process here, in which one stage seemingly leads to the next with a logical conclusion at user testing. However, in practice, the process is carried out in a more flexible and non-linear fashion



Case Study 1 - Piano Stairs

Video link here

Piano stairs

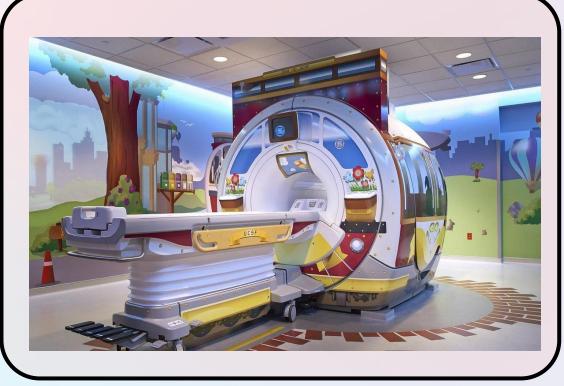
Hypothesis - Sales of the mall and time spent by the consumers in the mall are positively related to each other.

Solution: Create fun interactive installations to change behaviors



Case Study 2 - GE - MRI scanner





Case Study 3 - life Saving dot

Video link here



• Bindi

Some of the question to think about...

What are the main points of NEP with respect to design thinking?

How is design thinking used in education?

Faculty learning, teaching to assessment?

How to implement design thinking for educational reforms?

What are the problems with design thinking with education?

What is the conclusion of design thinking in education?





Curriculum objectives and outcomes

Outcome Objective • I. develop empathy amongst students I. To develop human centric mindset • li. create a design thinking culture to drive innovation • lii. develop the ability to create li. to understand the role of innovation and test prototypes that are customer centric and innovative lii. to create prototypes iteratively

What is design for sustainability?

Design for sustainability (DFS)

E.g. Internal-combustion engines to <u>electric-propulsion</u>

<u>vehicles</u>

- 1. Rethinking the way their products use resources, adapting them to changing regulations, adopting principles of circularity, and making use of customer insights
- 2. Understanding and tracking emissions and cost impact of design decisions in support of sustainability goals
- 3. Fostering the right mindsets and capabilities to integrate sustainability into every product and design decision



Design Thinking in NEP 2020

4.24. Concerted curricular and pedagogical initiatives, including the introduction of contemporary subjects such as Artificial Intelligence, Design Thinking, Holistic Health, Organic Living, Environmental Education, Global Citizenship Education (GCED), etc. at relevant stages will be undertaken to develop these various important skills in students at all levels.



Q&A sessions and conclusion





Refrences



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interaction-design.org/

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https://www.mygreatlearning.com/stanford-design-thinking

Gartner study

thehindu.com

Diksha Portal

Design thinking in Education

https://tll.gse.harvard.edu/design-thinking

Thank you



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